

EXHIBIT A

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District of California

HMD Global Oy

Plaintiff

v.

Ex Parte

Defendant)

)

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)

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Civil Action No.

SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS
OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION

To:

Apple Inc., c/o CT Corporation System, 330 North Brand Boulevard, Glendale, California, 91203

(Name of person to whom this subpoena is directed)



Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material:

See Exhibit A

Place: Warren Kash Warren LLP
2261 Market Street, No. 606
San Francisco, California, 94114

Date and Time:

☐ **Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMANDED** to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.

Place:

Date and Time:

The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so.

Date: _____

CLERK OF COURT

OR

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk_____
Attorney's signatureThe name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) HMD Global Oy

_____, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

Matthew S. Warren, Warren Kash Warren LLP, 2261 Market Street, No. 606, San Francisco, 94114;
2025-02-03@cases.warrenlex.com; +1 (415) 895-2928**Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena**

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE*(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)*

I received this subpoena for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
 on *(date)* _____.

☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows: _____

_____ on *(date)* _____; or

☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: _____

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also
 tendered to the witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of
 \$ _____.

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____ 0.00 _____.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)**(c) Place of Compliance.**

(1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:

- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
 - (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
- (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) *Appearance Not Required.* A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) *Objections.* A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

(A) *When Required.* On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:

- (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
- (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) *When Permitted.* To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

(C) *Specifying Conditions as an Alternative.* In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) *Documents.* A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) *Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified.* If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) *Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form.* The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) *Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information.* The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) *Information Withheld.* A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

- (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) *Information Produced.* If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

EXHIBIT A

DEFINITIONS

1. The term “concerning” means concerning, constituting, contradicting, comprising, commenting on, containing, describing, discussing, embodying, evidencing, identifying, involving, mentioning, pertaining to, referring to, reflecting, regarding, relating to, responding to, stating, supporting, tending to support or refute, relating or referring (directly or indirectly) to or in any way, in whole or in part.

2. The term “including” means including without limitation.

3. The term “entity” means any entity other than a natural person, including any business or legal entity including any company, corporation, proprietorship, association, joint venture or partnership.

4. The term “control” of an entity means direct or indirect ownership of that entity, or the direct or indirect right to exercise at least 50% of the voting power or ownership interest of that entity, or the direct or indirect right to make binding decisions for that entity.

5. The term “affiliates” of an entity shall mean any entity that the entity controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with the entity.

6. The term “document” includes all documents and electronically stored information as defined in Rule 34 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

7. The term “communications” includes any transmission, conveyance or exchange of a word, statement, fact, thing, idea, document, instruction, information, demand or question by any medium, whether by written, oral or other means.

8. The singular includes the plural and vice versa.

9. The terms “or” and “and” shall be both conjunctive and disjunctive.

10. The words “any” and “each” shall include the word “all.”

11. A verb in any tense shall mean the verb in all other tenses.

12. The terms “you” and “your” mean Apple Inc., including the officers, directors, principals, current and former employees, counsel, agents, consultants, representatives, and any other persons acting on behalf of any of the foregoing; as well as any subsidiaries, parents, affiliates, divisions, joint ventures, licensees, franchisees, assigns, predecessors and successors in interest, and any other entities,

whether foreign or domestic, that are controlled, controlled by, or under common control with Apple Inc., and all predecessors and successors in interest to such entities.

13. The term “Huawei” means Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., its officers, directors, principals, current and former employees, counsel, agents, consultants, representatives, and any other persons acting on behalf of any of the foregoing, as well as any subsidiaries, parents, affiliates, divisions, joint ventures, licensees, franchisees, assigns, predecessors and successors in interest, and any other entities, whether foreign or domestic, that are controlled, controlled by, or under common control with Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., and all predecessors and successors in interest to such entities.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. If you object to any portion of any request, respond to the unobjectionable portion and state specifically how you have narrowed your response.

2. If you object to any request on the ground that it is vague or ambiguous, identify the particular words, terms or phrases that you believe make the request vague or ambiguous.

3. If you object to any request because of a claim of privilege, set forth the privilege you claim, the facts on which you rely to support the claim of privilege, and furnish a list identifying each item of information for which privilege is claimed, containing at least the following information:

- (a) all relevant dates including creation and transmission;
- (b) all authors and senders;
- (c) all recipients;
- (d) the general subject matter; and
- (e) any portions of the document over which you claim a privilege.

Identify all persons using name, title and associated entity.

4. In the unlikely event that you find the meaning of any term to be unclear, assume a reasonable meaning, state what your assumed meaning is, and respond using that meaning.

5. If any requests call for production of documents that were previously within your possession, custody, or control, but which are not anymore, identify those documents in a manner sufficient to describe them in a subpoena, and give the name, telephone number, address, and e-mail address of the person or entity last known by you to have possession, custody, or control of them.

REQUEST FOR DOCUMENTS

DOCUMENT REQUEST NO. 1:

All agreements between you and Huawei, including the 2015 agreement referred to on page 11 of the Huawei White Paper entitled “The Foundation of Innovation” (2020), https://www-file.huawei.com/-/media/CORP2020/pdf/download/Huawei_IPR_White_paper_2020_en.pdf.